CD Marker	Function
CD 1	- MHC I-like molecule that present lipids to T cells
CD 2 (LFA-2)	- Cell adhesion molecule on NK & T cells; binds CD58 (LFA-3) on APCs to form immunological synapse
CD 3	- On all T cells; initiates signal transduction (using ITAMS) of TCR complex
CD 4	- On TH cells; binds MHC II on APCs (co-receptor w/ TCR)
CD 8	- On CTL cells; binds MHC I (co-receptor w/ TCR)
CD 11 (LFA-1α)	- β-2 Integrin; Deficiency → LAD I (neutrophils unable to bind ICAM → skin infections w/ no pus)
CD 14	- On phagocytic cells; binds LPS-LBP (PRR - pattern recognition receptor)
CD 16 (FCγRIIIA)	- On NK & Phagocytes (MØ & Neutrophils); Fc receptor for IgG opsonized bacteria → ADCC
CD 18 (LFA-1β)	- β-2 Integrin; Deficiency → LAD I (neutrophils unable to bind ICAM → skin infections w/ no pus)
CD 19	- On B cells from "Pro" stage onwards
CD 20	- On B cells from "Pre" stage onwards; Anti-CD20 (Rituximab) given in Duncan Syndrome
CD 21	- EBV receptor: CR2 on B cells - arker for TReg Cells
CD 25 (IL-2Rα)	- Marker for TReg Cells
CD 28	- On T cells; binds B7 (CD80/86) on APC; Acts as 2° co-stimulatory signal
CD 32 (FCγRIIB)	- Feedback inhibition on B cell antibody production; ↓ inflammation
CD 34	- Marker for HSC (hematopoietic stem cells)
CD 35	- CR1 receptor for C3b or C4b
CD 36	- Scavenger Receptor
CD 40	- On APCs; binds CD40L (CD154) on T cells; Deficiency → Hyper IgM Syndrome (autosomal)
CD 40L (CD154)	- On T cells; binds CD40 on APCs; Deficiency → Hyper IgM Syndrome (X linked)
CD 45	- Protein Tyrosine Phosphate involved in the differentiation of hematopoietic cells
CD 46	- MCP (membrane cofactor protein) - cofactor for factor I mediated cleavage of C3b & C4b
CD 55	 DAF (decay accelerating factor) regulatory protein for both C3 Convertases (C3bBb & C4b2a) Deficiency → Paroxysmal Nocturnal Hemoglobinuria
CD 56	- Marker for NK cells
CD 58 (LFA-3)	- On APCs; binds CD2 (LFA-2) on Tн cells to form immunological synapse
CD 59	- MIRL (membrane inhibitor of reactive lysis) prevents C9 polymerization in MAC
CD 79a ($\lg \alpha$)	- Heterodimer molecule on B cells activates ITAM (immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activating receptor)
CD 79b (lgβ)	
CD 80/86 (B7)	- On APCs; binds CD28 on T cells; Acts as 2° co-stimulatory signal
CD 95L (FasL)	- On CTLs; when bound to FasR → Apoptosis; Deficiency → A.I. Lymphoproliferative (Canale-Smith) Syndrome
CD 132 (IL-2Rγ)	- Common Gamma chain; Defect → XSCID (T- B+ NK-)
CD 152 (CTLA-4)	- On T cells; binds B7 (CD80/86) on APC; Inhibitory signal (↓ IL-2 synthesis); Mutations→ Autoimmunity